October 8, 1999

400 Seventh St., S.W. Washington, D.C. 20590

Refer to: HMHS-B58

Federal Highway Administration

Ronald K. Faller, Ph.D., P.E. Midwest Roadside Safety Facility 1901 'Y' Street, Building C P.O. Box 880601 Lincoln, NE 68588-0601

Dear Dr. Faller:

In your September 20 letter, you requested the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) acceptance to National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350 criteria of a w-beam guardrail treatment with nominal clear-span of 7620 mm for use at low-fill culverts and other locations where full-length posts could not be used. A similar design with a shorter clear span (5720 mm) was accepted several years ago based on NCHRP Report 230 testing.

To support your request, you included test reports and a videotape of the tests that you ran. Your final design consisted of a standard strong post w-beam guardrail installation with three posts omitted over a 7620 mm span and nested 12-gauge w-beam rail over the gap with an additional 11430 mm of nested rail on each side of the gap. This made the total length of nested rail segments 30.48 m, centered over the clear span. All splices were lapped in the direction of adjacent traffic. The test installation used standard 150 mm x 13.5 steel posts 1830 mm long with routed wood blocks except for the three posts on each side of the clear span. These six posts were 150 mm x 200 mm x 1830-mm long weakened wood posts (CRT posts) and each had two 150 mm x 200 mm x 360-mm long wood spacer blocks. These design details are shown in Enclosure 1.

Your design was tested with a 2000-kg pickup truck impacting at 102.4 km/h and at an angle of 24.7 degrees. The impact point was 2.44 m downstream from post number 12. All Report 350 evaluation criteria were satisfactory. Summary test results for Test No. OLS-3 are shown as Enclosure 2. The reported dynamic deflection of the barrier was 1450 mm. The report also cautioned that, since the rail deflected 1450 mm in the test, a minimum distance of 1.5 m behind the rail should be clear of any fixed-object hazards that could snag an impacting vehicle.

We noted that the tested design used four nested w-beam rail elements that were 3810-mm long in the middle of the 30.48 m nested-rail section. This design layout placed a splice in the center of the clear span. Your report implied that this was an assumed "worst case" situation, and that the splices could be located anywhere within the nested section. For example, four 7620-mm long nested segments could be used in lieu of the tested two 7620-mm and four 3810-mm long segments. Finally, you stated that the long span design would perform acceptably if standard timber posts were used in lieu of steel line posts. We agree that these options would also be acceptable.

Based on our review of the information you submitted, the FHWA considers the long-span design to meet Report 350 evaluation criteria at Test Level 3 (TL-3) and it may be used where appropriate on the National Highway System when such use is recommended by the State transportation agency.

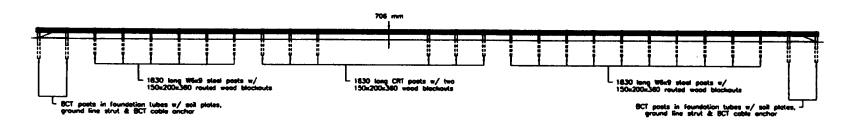
Sincerely yours,

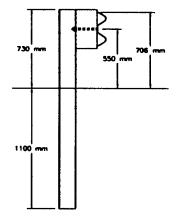
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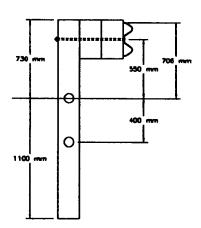
Director, Office of Highway Safety Infrastructure

2 Enclosures

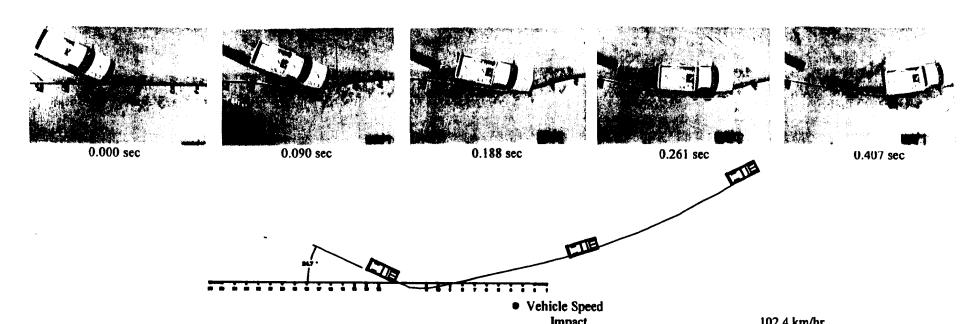




W152x13.4 steet posts, 1830 long w/ 150x200x360 routed wood blockouts Posts 3-8, 15-24



CRT wood posts, 1830 long w/ two 150x200x380 wood blockouts Posts 9 - 14



		Impact	102.4 km/hr
Test Number OLS-:	-3	Exit	
• Date 5/26/9		Vehicle Angle	
Appurtenance Neste		Impact	24.7 degrees
* =	Irail system	Exit	_
• Total Length 53.34		Vehicle Snagging	
• Steel W-Beam (Nested)		Vehicle Pocketing	
Thickness 2.66 r		Vehicle Stability	
Top Mounting Height 706 m	nm •	Occupant Ridedown Deceleration (10 msec	avg.)
Steel Posts		Longitudinal	7.28 < 20 G's
Post Nos. 3 - 8, 15 - 24 W150	0x13.5 by 1,830-mm long	Lateral (not required)	10.10
 Wood Posts 	•	Occupant Impact Velocity (Normalized)	
Post Nos. 9 - 14 (CRT) 150 m	nm x 200 mm by 1,830-mm long	Longitudinal	3.72 < 12 m/s
Post Nos. 1 - 2, 25 - 26 (BCT) 140 m	nm x 190 mm by 1,080-mm long	Lateral (not required)	4.96
 Wood Spacer Blocks 	•	Vehicle Damage	
Post Nos. 3 - 8, 15 - 22 150 m		TAD ¹⁴	
Post Nos. 9 - 14 Two 1	150 mm x 200 mm by 360-mm long	SAE ¹⁵	1-RFEE3
• Soil Type Gradi	ing B - AASHTO M 147-65 (1990) •	Vehicle Stopping Distance	57.37 m downstream
• Vehicle Model 1992	Chevrolet 2500 2WD		18.62 m traffic-side face
Curb 1,882	2 kg ●	Barrier Damage	Moderate
Test Inertial 1,994	∮ kg •	Maximum Deflections,	
Gross Static 1,994	1 kg	Permanent Set	1,016 mm
		Dynamic	1,450 mm

Figure 8. Summary of Test Results and Sequential Photographs, Test OLS-3 (Design No. 3)